

## Chapter Twelve

### Second Aorist Verb

#### Vocabulary

ἀλλά	but	εὐαγγέλιον, τό	gospel, good news
ἁμαρτάνω	I sin	ἱμάτιον, τό	clothing
ἄνοιγω	I open	ὅσος, -η, -ον	as much as, as great as
ἀνίστημι	I rise	ὅτι	because, that
ἀπέθνήσκω	I die	παιδίον, τό	child, infant
γάρ	for (conj.)	τόπος, ὁ	place
διδάσκαλος, ὁ	teacher	τότε	then (adv.)
ἐπαγγελία, ἡ	promise	χαρά, ἡ	joy
ἔργον, τό	work	ὥς	as, while, when

#### Second Aorist Active Indicative

The first aorist is distinguished by the addition of the sigma. The second aorist is identified, however, only by the addition of the augment (ε-) followed by the aorist tense stem (-λιπ-), then followed by the personal pronoun ending. The second aorist is not translated differently than the first aorist it is just another form. The second aorist is sometimes referred to as the irregular form and as such is often times difficult to identify.

There are words in the second aorist that does not resemble anything like the present form. That is because some of these are older verbs that were commonly used, but obsolete. For example:

	Present Form		2 <sup>nd</sup> Aorist Form
βλέπω	I see	εἶδον	I saw
ἔρχομαι	I come, go	ἦλθον	I came, went
ἐσθίω	I eat	ἔφαγον	I ate
λέγω	I say, speak	εἶπον	I said, spoke
φέρω	I bear, bring	ἤνεγκον	I bore, brought

#### Singular

1 <sup>st</sup>	ἔλιπον	I left
2 <sup>nd</sup>	ἔλιπες	you left
3 <sup>rd</sup>	ἔλιπε(ν)	he/she/it left

#### Plural

1 <sup>st</sup>	ἐλίπομεν	we left
2 <sup>nd</sup>	ἐλίπετε	you left
3 <sup>rd</sup>	ἔλιπον	they left

Infinitive: λῑπειν to leave

Example:

εἶπεν οὖν (then) πάλιν αὐτοῖς ὁ Ἰησοῦς ἀμὴν ἀμὴν λέγω ὑμῖν ὅτι ἐγὼ εἰμι ἡ θύρα (door) τῶν προβάτων (sheep) (John 10:7).

Then Jesus **said** to them again, “truly, truly I say to you, that I, I am the door of the sheep.”

### Second Aorist Middle Indicative

	Singular		Plural
1 <sup>st</sup>	ἐλιπόμην	I left (for) myself	1 <sup>st</sup> ἐλιπόμεθα we left (for) ourselves
2 <sup>nd</sup>	ἐλίπου	you left (for) yourself	2 <sup>nd</sup> ἐλίπεσθε you left (for) yourselves
3 <sup>rd</sup>	ἐλίπετο	he/she/it left (for) him/her/itself	3 <sup>rd</sup> ἐλίποντο they left (for) themselves

Infinitive: λιπέσθαι to leave oneself

Example:

εἶπεν αὐτοῖς Ἰησοῦς ἄμην ἄμην λέγω ὑμῖν πρὶν (before) Ἀβραάμ γενέσθαι ἐγὼ εἰμί (John 8:58).

Jesus said to them, “truly, truly, I say to you, before Abraham **was**, I AM.”

### Practice

A. Translate the following sentences.

1. πάντες (all) γὰρ ἡμαρτον καὶ ὑστεροῦνται (fall short) τῆς δόξης τοῦ θεοῦ (Rom. 3:23)
2. εἰ (if) γὰρ πιστεύομεν ὅτι Ἰησοῦς ἀπέθανεν καὶ ἀνέστη οὕτως (in this manner) καὶ ὁ θεὸς τοὺς κοιμθέντας (those who are sleeping) διὰ τοῦ Ἰησοῦ ἄξει (he will bring) σὺν αὐτῷ (1 Thes. 4:14).
3. παρέδωκα (I delivered) γὰρ ὑμῖν ἐν πρώτοις ὃ (rel pron) καὶ παρέλαβον (I received), ὅτι Χριστὸς ἀπέθανεν ὑπὲρ τῶν ἁμαρτιῶν ἡμῶν κατὰ τὰς γραφὰς (1 Cor. 15:3)
4. ἐν τῷ κόσμῳ ἦν (was), καὶ ὁ κόσμος δι' αὐτοῦ ἐγένετο καὶ ὁ κόσμος αὐτὸν οὐκ ἔγνω (John 1:10).
5. εἶπεν οὖν (then) πάλιν αὐτοῖς ὁ Ἰησοῦς ἀμὴν ἀμὴν λέγω ὑμῖν ὅτι ἐγὼ εἰμι ἡ θύρα (door) τῶν προβάτων (sheep) (John 10:7)